1993 FE3 -2 PM 2: 45
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVE?

I certify that the attached is a true and correct capy of $\frac{1}{11-8-82}$, which was filed of record on $\frac{11-8-82}{11-8-82}$ and referred to the committee on:

Chief Clerk of the House

By Bot Burk

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£ J.R. No. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

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proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. The Commission consists of nine (9) members, [eleven-(11)-members,] to wit: (i) one (1) Justice [two-{2}-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civil] Appeals; (ii) one (1) District Judge; [two--(2)--District Judges;] (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive next preceding their selection; (iiii) three (3) citizens, [four (4)-eitizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; and (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that

1 the Justice of the Peace and the Judge of a Municipal Court shall 2 be selected at large without regard to whether they reside or hold 3 [he-resides-er-helds] a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial 4 District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of 5 classes (i) and (ii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court 6 with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be 7 8 prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the 9 Senate, those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with 10 advice and consent of the Senate, [and] the commissioner of class 11 (v) by appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) 12 names submitted by the executive committee of the Justice of the 13 Peace and Constables Association of Texas, with the advice and 14 consent of the Senate, and the commissioner of class (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court from a list of five (5) names 15 16 submitted by the board of directors of the Municipal Judges Section of the State Bar and the Texas Municipal Court Association, with 17 the advice and consent of the Senate. [The--initial--term--of--the 18 19 commissioner--of--elass--(v)--and--the-fourth-commissioner-of-elass 20 (iiii)-added-by-this-amendment-terminates--on--November--19,--1979-21 Each--person--holding--office--as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the 22 effective-date-of-this-amendment-continues-to-hold-the--office--for 23 the-term-for-which-he-was-appointed.] 24 SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of

the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

27 (6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this

1 Constitution or [Appellate--Courts--and--Bistrict--and--Criminal 2 District-Courts, -and-any-County-Judge, -and-any-Judge--of--a--County 3 Court--at--baw,--a-Court-of-Domestic-Relations,-a-Juvenile-Court,-a 4 Probate-Court,-or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court,-and-any-Justice 5 of-the-Peace,-and-any-Judge-or-presiding--officer--of--any--special eourt] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article 6 V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for incompetence in performing the 8 9 duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial 10 Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that [7-which] is clearly 11 inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] duties 12 casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of 13 justice; or any person holding such office may be disciplined or 14 censured, in lieu of removal from office, as [under-precedures] 15 provided [fer] by this section [the--hegislature]. Any person 16 holding an office specified [named] in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by the Commission 17 18 immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for 19 a felony offense; or, on the filing of a sworn complaint charging a 20 person holding such office with incompetence in performing the 21 duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial 22 Conduct, or willful and persistent conduct that [which] is clearly 23 inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of 24 25 justice, the Commission, after giving the person notice and 26 opportunity to appear before the Commission, may recommend to the Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. 27 The

Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and 1 the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from 2 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the 3 charge. A master or magistrate appointed as provided by law to 4 serve a trial court of this state in matters referred to the master 5 or magistrate by the judge of the court may, subject to the other 6 provisions hereof, be removed as master or magistrate for 7 incompetence in performing his duties or willful or persistent 8 conduct that is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of 9 his duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or 10 administration of justice; or the master or magistrate may be 11 disciplined or censured in lieu of removal. 12 C. The law relating to a reprimand or censure of an active 13 14

Justice or Judge for incompetence in performing the duties of office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and persistent conduct that is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or casts public discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice applies to a retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on

a court of this State by assignment.

SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8) 25 through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as 26 27 follows:

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1 (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public 2 3 admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission 5 determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute 6 formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it 7 concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified [mamed] in Paragraph A of 8 Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request 9 10 the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of [Eivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice 11 of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master 12 13 to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon 14 to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of 15 District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, 16 after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission 17 finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public 18 19 censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the--Supreme 20 Eeurt] the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, of the 21 person in question holding an office or position specified [named] 22 in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section and shall 23 thereupon file with the tribunal [Elerk-of-the-Supreme--Court] the 24 entire record before the Commission.

(9) A tribunal to review the Commission's recommendation for the removal or retirement of a Justice or Judge or the removal of a master or magistrate is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of

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1 the appellate courts who are selected by lot as provided by law. Each appellate court shall designate one of its members for 2 3 inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. The review 4 tribunal [Supreme-Court] shall review the record of the proceedings 5 on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 6 7 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or 8 9 removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the 10 recommendation. A Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the 11 substantial evidence rule. Upon order for involuntary 12 an retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in 13 14 question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], 15 in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order 16 for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office 17 in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement 18 benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the 19 20 Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise 21 provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before, the Commission, Master, review tribunal, or the 22 23 Supreme Court shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law; provided that upon being filed with a review tribunal [in--the 24 25 Supreme---Court] the record loses its confidential character. 26 However, the Commission may issue a public statement through executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its 27

- 1 proceedings under this Section when sources other than the
- 2 Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission
- 3 itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a
- 4 Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement.
- 5 (11) The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for the
- 6 procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the
- 7 Supreme Court. Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of
- 8 evidence to a Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate after formal
- 9 proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding
- 10 an office or position specified [named] in Paragraph A of
- 11 Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is
- 12 instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of law
- for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal,
- 14 and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose
- 15 property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is
- 16 entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the
- 17 interest of the person holding an office or position specified
- 18 [named] in Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section in
- 19 remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a
- 20 privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel,
- 21 hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other
- 22 incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings
- 23 whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a
- 24 penalty may be imposed.
- 25 (12) No person holding an office specified [named] in
- 26 Paragraph A of Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member
- of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension,

- 1 discipline, censure, retirement or removal. A recommendation of
- 2 the Commission for the suspension[,--eensure,--retirement,--er
- 3 remeval] of a Justice of the Supreme Court shall be determined by a
- 4 tribunal of seven (7) Court of [Givil] Appeals Justices selected by
- 5 lot to serve in place of the Supreme Court.
- 6 SECTION 4. That the following temporary provision be added
- 7 to the Texas Constitution:
- 8 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies
- 9 to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. _____, 68th
- 10 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.
- 11 (b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1,
- 12 1985.
- (c) The initial terms of the commissioner of class (v) and
- the fourth commissioner of class (iiii) added by amendment in 1977
- expired on November 19, 1979. The initial term of the commissioner
- of class (vi) expires on November 19, 1985.
- 17 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission
- on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the
- office for the term for which he was appointed.
- 20 (e) The office of the fourth commissioner of class (iiii)
- 21 added by amendment in 1977 is abolished on the expiration of his
- 22 term on November 19, 1985. The offices of the first commissioner
- of class (i) and the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms
- 24 expire after January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of
- 25 the terms.
- 26 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do
- 27 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the

- investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before

 January 1, 1985.
- SECTION 5. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984.

 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts."

By Bush H.J.R. No. 4

Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 4:

By Toomey C.S.H.J.R. No. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State

2 Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to

discipline active judges, certain retired and former and

certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

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5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of 7

the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: (i) one (1) Justice [two-(2)-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civil] Appeals; (ii) one (1) District Judge; [two-{2}-District-Judges-] (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that

1 the Justice of the Peace and the Judges of a Municipal Court and or 2 a County Court at Law shall be selected at large without regard to 3 whether they reside or hold [he-resides-er-helds] a judgeship in 4 the same Supreme Judicial District as another member 5 Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of 8 the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme 9 Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iiii) 10 by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the 11 Senate, [and] the commissioners [commissioner] of classes [class] 12 (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court as provided by 13 law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. [from-a-list-of 14 five-(5)-names-submitted-by-the-executive-committee-of-the--Justice 15 of--the--Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with-the-advice 16 and-consent-of-the-Senate: -- The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of 17 elass-(v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class-(iiii)-added-by-this 18 amendment-terminates-on-November-19,--1979----Each--person--holding office--as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the-effective-date-of-this 19 amendment-continues-to-hold-the-office-for-the-term--for--which--he 20 21 was-appointed-]

SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

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(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this

Constitution or [Appellate--Courts--and--District--and--Criminal

District-Courts,-and-any-County-Judge,-and-any-Judge--of--a--County

1 Court--at--baw,--a-Court-of-Domestie-Relations,-a-Juvenile-Court,-a 2 Probate-Court,-or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court,-and-any-Justice 3 of-the-Peace,-and-any-Judge-or-presiding--officer--of--any--special 4 eourt] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions 5 hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation 6 of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code 8 9 of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that[7-which] 10 is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] 11 duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or 12 administration of justice.[7-0r] Any [any] person holding such 13 office may be disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from office, as [under-precedures] provided [fer] by this section 14 [the 15 Legislature]. Any person holding an office specified [named] in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by 16 17 the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal 18 jury for a felony offense[7--er7] or charged with a grand 19 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful 20 21 or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 22 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and 23 24 persistent conduct that [which] is clearly inconsistent with the 25 proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, 26 27 Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to

- 1 appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the
- 2 Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The
- 3 Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and
- 4 the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
- 5 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the
- 6 charge.
- 7 C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension,
- 8 or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this
- 9 Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this
- 10 Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as
- 11 provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a
- retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject
- to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law
- 14 relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the
- 15 Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former
- Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on
- a court of this State by assignment.
- SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8)
- 19 through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the
- 22 Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public
- 23 admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person
- 24 obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission
- 25 determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute
- 26 formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it
- 27 concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person

holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] 1 2 Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or 3 4 Justice of a Court of [Eivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice 5 of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon 6 7 to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders 8 pertaining 9 witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission 10 11 finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the-Supreme 12 Court | the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, 13 person in question holding an office or position specified [named] 14 in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section and shall 15 thereupon file with the tribunal [Elerk-of-the-Supreme-Court] the 16 entire record before the Commission. 17

(9) A tribunal to review the Commission's recommendation for the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal [Supreme-Geurt] shall review the record of the proceedings

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on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. A Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before[7] the Commission[7] or a Master [er-the-Supreme Eeurt] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law[7 provided -- that -- upon -- being -- filed -- in - the - Supreme - Court - the - record loses-its-confidential-character]. However, the Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement.

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(11) The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and Supreme Court. Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of evidence to a Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate after formal proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of law for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the interest of the person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a penalty may be imposed.

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(12) No person holding an office specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension, discipline, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation-of--the--Commission--for--the--suspension,--censure, retirement,--er--removal-of-a-Justice-of-the-Supreme-Court-shall-be determined-by-a-tribunal--of--seven--(7)--Court--of--Civil--Appeals

- 1 Justices--selected--by-lot-to-serve-in-place-of-the-Supreme-Court-]
- 2 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a of the Texas
- 3 Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 (14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of
- 6 this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions.
- 7 SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added
- 8 to the Texas Constitution:
- 9 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies
- to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th
- 11 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.
- 12 (b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1,
- 13 1985.
- (c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) added
- by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial
- 16 term of the commissioner of class (vi) and (vii) expires on
- 17 <u>November 19, 1985.</u>
- 18 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission
- on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the
- office for the term for which he was appointed.
- 21 (e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and
- 22 the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after
- January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms.
- 24 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do
- 25 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the
- 26 investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before
- 27 January 1, 1985.

SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts."

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 7, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

House Joint Resolution No. 4

By: Bush

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

im Oliver

Director

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, LV

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 22, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

Committee Substitute for

House Joint Resolution No. 4

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on the Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Jim Oliver Director

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, BL

HOUSE MMITTEE REPORT

1st Printing

By Bush

H.J.R. No. 4

Substitute the following for H.J.R. No. 4:

By Toomey

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C.S.H.J.R. No. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State 1

Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to

discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges,

certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of SECTION 1.

the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows: 7

(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: (i) one (1) Justice [two-(2)-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civit] Appeals; (ii) one (1) District Judge; [two-{2}-District-Judges,] (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) 17 one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a 18 County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a 19 member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence 20 within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within 21 or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 22 23 Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that 24

the Justice of the Peace and the Judges of a Municipal Court and or 1 2 a County Court at Law shall be selected at large without regard to whether they reside or hold [he-resides-er-helds] a judgeship in 3 4 the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 5 Commission. Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) 6 above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent 7 of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the 8 9 Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iiii) 10 by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the 11 Senate, [and] the commissioners [commissioner] of classes [class] (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court as provided by 12 law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. [frem-a-list-ef 13 14 five-(5)-names-submitted-by-the-executive-committee-of-the--Justice of--the--Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with-the-advice 15 16 and-consent-of-the-Senate---The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of 17 elass-(v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class-(iiii)-added-by-this 18 amendment-terminates-on-November-19,--1979----Each--person--holding 19 office--as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the-effective-date-of-this 20 amendment-continues-to-hold-the-office-for-the-term--for--which--he 21 was-appointed.]

SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

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(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this

Constitution or [Appellate--Courts-and--District--and--Criminal

District-Courts,-and-any-County-Judge,-and-any-Judge--of--a--County

1 Court -- at -- Law --- a - Court - of - Domestic - Relations -- a - Juvenile - Court -- a 2 Probate-Court,-or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court,-and-any-Justice of-the-Peace,-and-any-Judge-or-presiding--officer--of--any--special 3 eourt] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions 5 hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation 6 of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, incompetence in 7 performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code 8 of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that[7-which] 9 is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] 10 11 duties casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice.[7-0r] Any [any] person holding 12 disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from 13 office may be 14 office, as [under-precedures] provided [for] by this section Any person holding an office specified [named] in 15 Legislature]. this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by 16 the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal 17 jury for a felony offense[---or-] or charged with a 18 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a 19 sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful 20 or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 21 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, 22 willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and 23 persistent conduct that [which] is clearly inconsistent with the 24 proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit 25 on the judiciary or on the administration of 26 justice, Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to 27

- appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to 1
- Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The 2
- Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and 3
- the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
- office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the 5
- charge. 6
- C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension, 7
- or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this 8
- Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this 9
- Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as 10
- provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a 11
- retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject 12
- to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law 13
- relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the 14
- Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former 15
- Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on 16
- a court of this State by assignment. 17
- SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8) 18
- through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as 19
- follows: 20

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- (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, 21
- Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public 22
- admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person 23
- obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission 24
- formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it
- 26
- concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person 27

determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute

holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] 1 Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request 2 the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or 3 Justice of a Court of [&ivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice 4 of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon 6 shall have all the power of a the Commission. The Master 7 District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to 8 witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or 9 after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission 10 issue an order of public 11 finds good cause therefor, it shall or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the-Supreme 12 censure Eourt] the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, 13 person in question holding an office or position specified [named] 14 in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section and shall 15 thereupon file with the tribunal [Elerk-of-the-Supreme-Court] the 16 entire record before the Commission. 17

the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal [Supreme-Sourt] shall review the record of the proceedings

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1 on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause 2 shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 3 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or 5 removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. A Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the 7 substantial evidence rule. Upon an Я order for retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in 9 question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], 10 11 in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order 12 for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office 13 in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement 14 benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. 15 (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise 16 17 provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of 18 testimony before[7] the Commission[7] or a Master [er-the-Supreme 19 Eourt] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law[7 20 provided -- that -- upon -- being -- filed -- in - the - Supreme - Court - the - record 21 leses-its-confidential-character]. However, the Commission may 22 issue a public statement through its executive director or its 23 Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this 24 Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety

concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission

determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will

be served by issuing the statement.

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Supreme Court shall by rule provide for (11) The procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of Supreme Court. evidence to a Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate after formal proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--of] Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the interest of the person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a penalty may be imposed.

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(12) No person holding an office specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension, discipline, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation-of--the--Commission--for--the--suspension,--censure, retirement,--er--removal-of-a-Justice-of-the-Supreme-Court-shall-be determined-by-a-tribunal--of--seven--(7)--Court--of--Civil--Appeals

- 1 Justices--selected--by-lot-to-serve-in-place-of-the-Supreme-Court- }
- 2 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a of the Texas
- 3 Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 (14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of
- 6 this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions.
- 7 SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added
- 8 to the Texas Constitution:
- 9 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies
- to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th
- 11 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.
- 12 (b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1,
- 13 1985.
- (c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) added
- by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial
- term of the commissioner of class (vi) and (vii) expires on
- 17 November 19, 1985.
- 18 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission
- on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the
- office for the term for which he was appointed.
- 21 (e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and
- 22 the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after
- January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms.
- 24 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do
- 25 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the
- 26 investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before
- 27 January 1, 1985.

SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts."

COMMITTEE REPORT

The Honorable Gib Lewis Speaker of the House of Representatives

March 16, 1983

Sir:		_		
We, your COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, to whom was referred 4.1. R. 4 consideration and beg to report back with the recommendation that it (measure)				have had the same under
 () do pass, without amendment. () do pass, with amendment(s). () do pass and be not printed; a C 	Complete Committee Subst	itute is recommended in	lieu of the original measure).
A fiscal note was requested. (4	s () no	•		
An author's fiscal statement was requi	ested. (,) yes (பாo			
An actuarial analysis wás requested.	() yes (Tno			
The Committee recommends that this	measure be placed on the	(Local) or (Consent	Calendar.	
This measure (proposes new la	aw. 3 law.			
House Sponsor of Senate Measure				
The measure was reported from Comm	nittee by the following vot	te:		
	AYE	NAY	PNV	ABSENT
Bush, Ch.	~			
Khoury, V.C.				
Garcia, M., C.B.O.				
Armbrister				
Cavazos				
Kemp				
Martinez, R.				
Toomey	<u> </u>			
Wilson				
Total S aye nay	not voting	CHAI	Bel Bule Uprola	,
present, not voting absent COMMITTEE COORDINATOR				

Committee on Judiciary

C.S.H.J.R. 4

By: Bush

Page 1

BILL ANALYSIS

Background Information:

Currently, the State Constitution sets the number of members of the Judicial Conduct Commission at eleven, to include two district judges, two justices of the Courts of Appeals, two attorneys, four laypersons, and one justice of the peace. The Commission has the constitutional authority to discipline those judges who have engaged in willful or persist conduct that "is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of duties, or which casts public discredit upon the judiciary". This authority does not extend to masters, magistrates, or retired or former judges who hear cases by designation.

After investigation of a complaint concerning a judge's conduct, the Commission may dismiss the complaint.

If the Commission finds the charge to be founded, it may issue a private or public reprimand and end the matter, or institute formal proceedings. The formal proceedings resemble a full trial, with the presiding Master (appointed by the Supreme Court) enjoying all of the powers of a trial judge and the Commission acting the part of the prosecutor. The accused judge, however, has no right to discovery. After the trial, the Commission considers the Master's report, and either issues a public censure or recommends to the Supreme Court removal of the judge. At this stage the record loses its confidentiality, and is sent to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court has total review power, thus it can hear new evidence, and "wholly reject" the Commission's recommendations.

The House Judiciary Committee recommended to the 68th Legislature that:

- Judges be subject to discipline for willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct or for incompetence in performing the duties of office.
- Retired and former judges and court masters and magistrates be included within the Commission's jurisdiction.
- 3. A review tribunal, composed of seven justices of the Courts of Appeals chosen by lot, review the Commission's recommendations for removal; and that an accused judge be allowed to appeal the tribunal's decision to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule.
- 4. An accused judge be granted the right to discovery of evidence following the institution of formal charges.

The Select Committee on Judicial Selection also urged adoption of sections 1, 2 and 4, above, and further recommended that:

 Appropriate lesser sanctions be authorized in the disciplining of judges, in addition to suspension, removal, and censure. By: Bush

Page 2

 A Municipal court judge be added to the membership of the Commission.

Purpose:

C.S.H.J.R. 4 amends existing law and proposes new law to add a municipal and county court at law judge to the Judicial Conduct Commission, increase the jurisdiction and available sanctions of the Commission, expand types of conduct subject to disciplinary action, grant judges discovery rights following the institution of formal proceedings, and alter the method of review of Commission removal recommendations.

Section-by-Section Analysis:

Section 1. Amends Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2) of the Texas Constitution to remove one Court of Appeals justice and one District Court judge from the Commission and to add one Municipal Court judge and one County Court at Law judge to the Commission.

Section 2. Amends Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6) of the Texas Constitution to expand the list of types of conduct meriting disciplinary action, and to include retired or former judges sitting subject to assignment and masters or magistrates to the Commission's jurisdiction.

Section 3. Amends Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8) - (12) of the Texas Constitution. Subsection (8) amended to provide additional alternative sanctions for violations. Subsection (9) amended to substitute a review tribunal, composed of 7 Court of Appeals justices chosen by lot, to replace the Supreme Court in the initial review of removal recommendations by the Commission, and to allow further appeal to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule. Subsection (10) amended to end confidentiality of testimony given before a review tribunal or the Supreme Court. Subsection (11) amended to provide discovery rights to judges. Subsection (12) amended to conform to other amendments.

Section 4. Amends Article V, Section 1-a of the Texas Constitution to add new Subsection (14) allowing the Legislature to promulgate laws in furtherance of Section 1-a.

Section 5. Temporary provisions to readjust the terms of the new members and to render the amendments applicable only to Commission activity begun after January 1, 1985.

Section 6. Amendment to be submitted to the voters on November 6, 1984.

Section 7. Emergency clause.

Rulemaking Authority:

This bill does not grant rulemaking authority to any state agency, department or officer.

Summary of Committee Action:

Public notice was posted in accordance with Rule 4, Section 12 of the Rules of Procedure of the House of Representatives and a public hearing was held on March 9, 1983.

The following witnesses appeared to testify in favor of H.J.R. 4:

By: Bush Page 3

Mr. Robert Flowers, Executive Director of the Commission on Judicial Conduct, representing the Commission on Judicial Conduct; and

Mr. Maurice Pipkin, Retired Executive Director of the Commission on Judicial Conduct, representing himself.

 ${\tt H.J.R.}$ 4 was left as pending business before the full Judiciary Committee.

On March 16, 1983, the Chair laid out an amendment to H.J.R. 4. The Committee voted to adopt an amendment to the amendment to H.J.R. 4. The Committee voted to adopt the amendment to H.J.R. 4. The Committee then voted to adopt the amendment as a Committee Substitute for H.J.R. 4, and then voted to report H.J.R. 4, as substituted, favorably to the House with the recommendation that it do pass by a record vote of 5 ayes, no nays, and 4 absent.

Comparison of Original Bill to Substitute

Substantial differences between C.S.H.J.R. 4 and the original are:

- 1. The original reduced total Commission membership to 9. The substitute retains membership at 11 by adding a judge of a Municipal Court and a judge of a County Court at Law. Both the substitute and the original provide for removal of 1 District judge and 1 Court of Appeal justice from Commission membership.
- 2. The substitute adds "willful or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas" to the list of types of conduct subject to discipline, and allows discretionary suspension of judges charged with a misdemeanor involving official misconduct. The original did not include either provision.
- 3. The substitute designates that service on a review tribunal is an official duty of the judge and that no additional compensation is to be paid for the service. The original did not have such a provision.
- 4. The substitute deletes provisions in the original that provided for privileged testimony before a review tribunal, and also deletes provisions in present law providing for privileged testimony before the Supreme Court.
- 5. The substitute deletes language in present Subsection (12) to align procedure for removal of Supreme Court justices with procedure for removal of other judges. The original did not include such a deletion.
- 6. The substitute adds new Subsection (14), allowing Legislature to promulgate laws in furtherance of Article V, Section 1-a. The original did not include such a provision.

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 22, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: Committee Substitute for

House Joint Resolution No. 4

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on the Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, BL

LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 7, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

House Joint Resolution No. 4

By: Bush

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Jim Olivei

Director

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, LV

ADOPTED

MAR 28 1983

Betty Mussey
Chief Clerk
House of Representatives

By Bush

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H.J.R. No. 4

Substitute the following for H.J.R. 4

By: Toomey

C.S.H.J.R. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State

Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to

discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and

certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: (i) (1) Justice Itwo-(2)-Justices of a Court ICourts of ICivill Appeals; (ii) one (1) District Judge; Etwo-(2)-District-Sudges73 (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class

of membership, except that the Justice of the Peace and the Judges 1 of a Municipal Court and or a County Court at Law shall be selected 2 at large without regard to whether they reside or hold Lhe-resides er-helds a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the 9 . Senate, those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with 10 advice and consent of the Senate, Landl the commissioners [commissioner] 11 of classes [elass] (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court 12 as provided by law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. Ifrom 13 a-list-of-five-(5)-names-submitted-by-the-executive-committee-of-the 14 Justice-of-the-Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with-the-advice 15 and-consent-of-the-Senate:--The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of 16 17 elass-(v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class-(iii)-added-by-this amendment-terminates-en-Nevember-197-1979---Each-persen-holding-office 18 as-a-member-ef-the-Gemmissien-en-the-effeetive-date-ef-this-amendment 19 continues-to-hold-the-office-for-the-term-for-which-he-was-appointed.1 20 21. SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and 22 23 adding Paragraph C to read as follows: 2.4 Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or [Appellate-Courts-and-District-and-Criminal 25 District-Courts,-and-any-County-Judge,-and-any-Judge-of-a-County 26 Court-at-Law7-a-Court-of-Domestie-Relations7-a-Juvenile-Court7-a

Probate-Court,-or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court,-and-any-Justice 1 of-the-Peace,-and-any-Judge-or-presiding-officer-of-any-special 2 eourt] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation 5 of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, 6 incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the 7 Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that 8 [7-which] is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of 9 his [said] duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or 10. administration of justice. I7-orl Any Canyl person holding such 11 office may be <u>disciplined or</u> censured, in lieu of removal from 12 office, as [under-procedures] provided [for] by this section 13 [the-Legislature]. Any person holding an office specified [named] 14 in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without 15 pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State 16 or Federal grand jury for a felony offense [70x7] or charged with a 17 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a sworn 18 complaint charging a person holding such office with willful or 19 persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 20 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, 21 willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful 22 and persistent conduct that [which] is clearly inconsistent with 23 24 the proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit on the judiciary or on the administration of justice, 25 the Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity 26 to appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the 27 . -

Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The
Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and
the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from

office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the

5 charge.

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C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension, or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on a court of this State by assignment.

SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8) through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

(8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court

to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of [Givil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the-Supreme-Court] the removal $\mathbf{I}_{7}\mathbf{I}$ or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in question holding an office or position specified [named] in Paragraph-A-of Subsection (6) of this Section and shall thereupon file with the tribunal Celerk-of-the-Supreme-Court the entire record before the Commission.

the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal [Gupreme-Court] shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence.

1 Within 90 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement 2 3 or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. A Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], 8 in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order 9 10 for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement 11 12 benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. 13 All papers filed with and proceedings before the 14 Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of 15 testimony before [7] the Commission [7] or a Master [or-the-Supreme 16. 17 Eourt] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law 18 [,-provided-that-upon-being-filed--in-the-Supreme-Court-the record-loses-its-confidential-character1. However, the Commission 19 20. may issue a public statement through its executive director or 21. its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety con-22 cerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission deter-23 24 mines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be 25 served by issuing the statement. 26 The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for the pro-

cedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the

evidence to a Justice, Judge, master, or magistrate after formal 2 proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding 3 an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is insti-5 tuted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of law for 6 the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, 7 and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose 8 9 property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the 10 interest of the person holding an office or position specified 11 12 [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a 13 privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, 14 15 hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings 16 whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a 17 18 penalty may be imposed. 19 (12) No person holding an office specified [named] in 20 (Paragraph-A-of) Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a 21 member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own 22 suspension, discipline, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation-of-the-Commission-for-the-suspension,-censure, 23 24 retirement, -or -removal -- of -a-Justice-of-the-Supreme-Court-shall be-determined-by-a-tribunal-of-seven-(7)-Court-of--Civil--Appeals 25 26 Justices-selected-by-lot-to-serve-in-place-of-the-Supreme-Court-) 27 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a of the Texas Consti-

Supreme Court. Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of

tution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as follows: 1 2 (14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions. 3 SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added to the Texas Constitution: 5 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th 7 8 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988. 9 The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1, 10 1985. (c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) 11 12 added by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial term of the commissioners of class (vi) and (vii) expires 13 on November 19, 1985. 14 15 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission 16 on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the office for the term for which he was appointed. 17 (e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) 18 and the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after 19 January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms. 20 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do 21. 22 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before 23 24 January 1, 1985. 25 SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984. 26 27 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against

- 1 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the
- 2 membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the
- 3 authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain
- 4 retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates
- 5 of the courts."

HOUSE OF DEPRESENTATION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEPARTMEN

By Bush

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H.J.R. No. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: Justice [two-(2)-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civil] Appeals; one (1) District Judge; [two-(2)-District-Judges,] (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that

1 the Justice of the Peace and the Judges of a Municipal Court and or a County Court at Law shall be selected at large without regard to 2 3 whether they reside or hold [he-resides-or-holds] a judgeship in 4 the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 5 Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) Commission. above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of 8 the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme 9 Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the 10 Senate, [and] the <u>commissioners</u> [commissioner] of <u>classes</u> [class] 11 12 (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court as provided by law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. [from-a-list-of 13 14 five- (5)-names-submitted-by-the-executive-committee-of-the--Justice 15 of--the--Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with-the-advice 16 and-consent-of-the-Senate: -- The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of 17 elass-(v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class-(iii)-added-by-this 18 amendment-terminates-on-November-197---- Each--person--holding 19 office--as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the-effective-date-of-this 20 amendment-continues-to-hold-the-office-for-the-term--for--which--he 21 was-appointed-]

SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

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(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or [Appellate--Courts--and--District--and--Criminal District-Courts, and any-County-Judge, and any-Judge--of--a--County

1 Court--at--baw,--a-Court-of-Domestie-Relations,-a-Juvenile-Court,-a 2 Probate-Court,-or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court,-and-any-Justice 3 of-the-Peace,-and-any-Judge-or-presiding--officer--of--any--special 4 eourt] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article 5 V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions 6 hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation 7 of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, incompetence in 8 performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code 9 of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that[7-which] 10 is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] 11 duties casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice.[7-0r] Any [any] person holding such 12 13 office may be disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from 14 office, as [under-precedures] provided [fer] by this section [the 15 Legislature]. Any person holding an office specified [mamed] in 16 this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by 17 the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal 18 jury for a felony offense[7--er7] or charged with a grand 19 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful 20 21 or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 22 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and 23 24 persistent conduct that [which] is clearly inconsistent with the 25 proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit 26 on the judiciary or on the administration of 27 Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to

- 1 appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the
- 2 Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The
- 3 Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and
- 4 the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
- 5 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the
- 6 charge.
- 7 C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension,
- 8 or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this
- 9 Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this
- 10 Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as
- 11 provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a
- 12 retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject
- to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law
- 14 relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the
- 15 Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former
- Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on
- a court of this State by assignment.
- SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8)
- 19 through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the
- 22 Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public
- 23 admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person
- 24 obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission
- 25 determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute
- 26 formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it
- 27 concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person

- holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] 1 2 Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request 3 the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of [Eivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice 5 of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master 6 to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon 7 to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a 8 District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining 9 witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or 10 after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission 11 finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the-Supreme 12 Eeurt] the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, of the 13 person in question holding an office or position specified [named] 14 15 in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section and shall 16 thereupon file with the <u>tribunal</u> [Elerk-of-the-Supreme-Court] the entire record before the Commission. 17
- 18 (9) A tribunal to review the Commission's recommendation for 19 the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position 20 specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven 21 (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by 22 lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the 23 list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal 24 25 shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no 26 additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review 27 tribunal [Supreme-Court] shall review the record of the proceedings

on the law and facts and in its discretion may, 1 for good cause 2 shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 3 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or 4 removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the 5 6 recommendation. A Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the 7 8 substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary 9 retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], 10 in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an 11 12 for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement 13 benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. 14 (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the 15 Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise 16 provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of 17 testimony before[7] the Commission or a[7] Master [er-the-Supreme 18 Eeurt] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law[7 19 20 provided -- that -- upon -- being -- filed -- in - the - Supreme - Court - the - record 21 loses-its-confidential-character]. However, the Commission may 22 issue a public statement through its executive director or its 23 Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety 24 concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission 25 determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will 26 be served by issuing the statement. 27

Supreme Court shall by rule provide for (11)The the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of Supreme Court. evidence to a Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate after formal proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the interest of the person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-of] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a penalty may be imposed.

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(12) No person holding an office specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension, discipline, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation-of--the--Commission--for--the--suspension,--censure, retirement,--er--removal-of-a-Justice-of-the-Supreme-Court-shall-be determined-by-a-tribunal--of--seven--(7)--Court--of--Civil--Appeals

- 1 Justices--selected--by-let-te-serve-in-place-ef-the-Supreme-Court-]
- 2 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a, of the Texas
- 3 Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 (14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of
- 6 this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions.
- 7 SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added
- 8 to the Texas Constitution:
- 9 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies
- to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th
- 11 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.
- (b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1,
- 13 1985.
- 14 (c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) added
- by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial
- 16 term of the commissioner of class (vi) and (vii) expires on
- November 19, 1985.
- 18 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission
- on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the
- office for the term for which he was appointed.
- 21 (e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and
- 22 the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after
- January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms.
- 24 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do
- 25 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the
- 26 investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before
- 27 January 1, 1985.

H.J.R. No. 4

SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984.

The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts."

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 22, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

Committee Substitute for

House Joint Resolution No. 4

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on the Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Director

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, BL

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 7, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re:

House Joint Resolution No. 4

By: Bush

Sir

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, LV

By: Bush (Senate Sponsor - Caperton)

(In the Senate - Received from the House March 29, 1983;
March 30, 1983, read first time and referred to Committee on Jurisprudence; April 27, 1983, reported favorably; April 27, 1983, sent to printer.)

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

(2) The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: (i) one (1) Justice [two-(2)-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civil] Appeals; (ii) one (1) District Judge; [two-(2)-District-Judges,] (iii) two (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications above specified for his respective class of membership, except that the Justice of the Peace and the Judges of a Municipal Court and or a County Court at Law shall be selected at large without regard to whether they reside or hold [he-resides-er-helds] a judgeship in the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the Commission. Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the Senate, [and] the commissioners [commissioner] of classes [class] (v) and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court as provided by law, with the advice and consent of the Senate. [from--a--list--ef five-- (5)-names-submitted-by-the-executive-committee-of-the-Justice of-the-Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with--the--advice and-consent-of-the-Senate: -- The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of elass-(v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class-(iiii)-added-by-this amendment--terminates--on--November--19,-1979---Each-person-holding office-as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the-effective-date-of--this amendment--continues--to--hold-the-office-for-the-term-for-which-he was-appointed:]

SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

(6)A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or [Appellate--Gourts--and--District--and--Griminal District--Gourts, -and--any-Gounty-Judge, -and-any-Judge-of-a-Gounty Gourt-at-baw, -a-Gourt-of-Domestic-Relations, -a--Juvenile--Gourt, -a Prebate-Gourt, -or-a-Gorporation-or-Municipal-Gourt, -and-any-Justice of--the--Peace, --and--any-Judge-or-presiding-officer-of-any-special court] created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that[7-which] is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] duties or casts public discredit upon the judiciary or administration of justice.[7--or] Any [any] person holding such

H.J:R. No. 4

office may be disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from office, as [under-precedures] provided [fer] by this section [the Legislature]. Any person holding an office specified [named] in this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for a felony offense[---er-] or charged with а misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, of willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful persistent conduct that [whieh] is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his duties or [whieh] casts public discredit the judiciary or on the administration of justice, the Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the charge.

 C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension, or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on a court of this State by assignment.

SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8)

SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8) through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of [Eivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of a District Judge in the enforcement of orders pertaining to witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, or after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the-Supreme Seurt] the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, of the person in question holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section and shall thereupon file with the tribunal [Elerk-ef-the-Supreme-Seurt] the entire record before the Commission.
- (9) A tribunal to review the Commission's recommendation for the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal [Supreme-Geurt] shall review the record of the proceedings on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause

H.J.R. No. 4

shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the recommendation. A Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate may appeal a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary.

- (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of testimony before[7] the Commission or a[7] Master [er--the--Supreme Geurt] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law[7 previded-that-upen-being-filed-in--the--Supreme--Geurt--the--recerd leses--its--cenfidential--character]. However, the Commission may issue a public statement through its executive director or its Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will be served by issuing the statement.
- (11) The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court. Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of evidence to a Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate after formal proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of law for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the interest of the person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a penalty may be imposed.
- (12) No person holding an office specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension, discipline, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation--ef--the--Commission--for--the--suspension, recirement, retirement or removal. [A retirement, or removal of a Justice of the Supreme-Court--shall--be determined--by--a--tribunal--ef--seven--(7)--Court-ef-Civil-Appeals Justices-selected-by-let-te-serve-in-place-of-the--Supreme--Court-]

 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a, of the Texas Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read an expectation of the Texas Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read an expectation of the Texas Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read an expectation (14) to read an expectation (14) to read an expectation (14) to read a section (14

Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as follows:

(14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions.

SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added to the Texas Constitution:

TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.

(b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1, 1985.

(c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) added by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial term of the commissioner of class (vi) and (vii) expires on November 19, 1985.

H.J.R. No. 4

(d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the office for the term for which he was appointed.

(e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and

(e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms.

(f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before January 1, 1985.

SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984. The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts."

* * * * *

20 Austin, Texas 21 April 27, 1983

Hon. William P. Hobby President of the Senate

24 Sir:

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We, your Committee on Jurisprudence, to which was referred H.J.R.
No. 4, have had the same under consideration, and I am instructed
to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it do
pass and be printed.

Mauzy, Chairman

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 22, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: Committee Substitute for

House Joint Resolution No. 4

Sir

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on the Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, BL

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

March 7, 1983

Honorable Bob Bush, Chair Committee on Judiciary House of Representatives Austin, Texas

In Re: House Joint Resolution No. 4

By: Bush

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Joint Resolution No. 4 (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Director

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, LV

Austin, Texas

FISCAL NOTE

April 4, 1983

Honorable Oscar H. Mauzy, Chairman Committee on Jurisprudence Senate Chamber Austin, Texas

In Re: House Joint Resolution No. 4,

as engrossed By: Bush

Sir:

In response to your request for a Fiscal Note on House Joint Resolution No. 4, as engrossed (proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts) this office has determined the following:

No significant fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

The cost of publication of this resolution is \$59,050.

Director

in Cliver

Source: LBB Staff: JO, JH, LG, BL

REQUEST FOR LOCAL & UNCONTESTED CALENDAR PLACEMENT

Hon. Roy Blake, Chairman Administration Committee

Sir:

Pursuant to S.R. 148, notice is hereby given that HTR 4, by: Bush, was heard by the Committee on Javis fundame on 4/27, 1983 and reported out with the recommendation that it be placed on the Local and Uncontested Calendar.

Chairman of the Aeporting committee

IMPORTANT: THIS FORM MUST BE ATTACHED TO A PRINTED COPY OF THE BILL OR RESOLUTION, WHICH ALONG WITH 7 ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THE BILL OR RESOLUTION SHOULD BE DELIVERED TO THE OFFICE OF THE COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION, ROOM G-27J. PLEASE CALL 5-1134 IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS. DEADLINE FOR SUBMITTING BILLS FOR THE LOCAL CALENDAR IS 5:00 P.M. MONDAYS.

ENROLLED

H.J.R. No. 4

A JOINT RESOLUTION

- proposing a constitutional amendment relating to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the courts.
- 5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- SECTION 1. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (2), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as follows:
- 8 The name of the State Judicial Qualifications Commission 9 is changed to the State Commission on Judicial Conduct. 10 Commission consists of eleven (11) members, to wit: (i) one (1) 11 Justice [two-(2)-Justices] of a Court [Courts] of [Civil] 12 (ii) one (1) District Judge; [two-{2}-District-Judges,] (iii) two 13 (2) members of the State Bar, who have respectively practiced as 14 such for over ten (10) consecutive years next preceding their 15 selection; (iiii) four (4) citizens, at least thirty (30) years of age, not licensed to practice law nor holding any salaried public 16 office or employment; [and] (v) one (1) Justice of the Peace; (vi) 17 one (1) Judge of a Municipal Court; and, (vii) one (1) Judge of a 18 19 County Court at Law; provided that no person shall be or remain a 20 member of the Commission, who does not maintain physical residence 21 within this State, or who resides in, or holds a judgeship within 22 or for, the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 23 Commission, or who shall have ceased to retain the qualifications 24 above specified for his respective class of membership, except that

H.J.R. No. 4

the Justice of the Peace and the Judges of a Municipal Court and or 1 a County Court at Law shall be selected at large without regard to 2 whether they reside or hold [he-resides-er-helds] a judgeship in 3 4 the same Supreme Judicial District as another member of the 5 Commission. Commissioners of classes (i), [and] (ii), and (vii) above shall be chosen by the Supreme Court with advice and consent 6 of the Senate, those of class (iii) by the Board of Directors of 7 the State Bar under regulations to be prescribed by the Supreme 8 Court with advice and consent of the Senate, those of class (iiii) by appointment of the Governor with advice and consent of the 10 11 Senate, and the commissioners [commissioner] of classes [class] (v) 12 and (vi) by appointment of the Supreme Court as provided by law, 13 with the advice and consent of the Senate. [from-a--list--of--five (5)--names--submitted--by-the-executive-committee-of-the-Justice-of 14 the-Peace-and-Constables-Association-of-Texas,-with-the-advice--and 15 consent--of--the--Senate:---The-initial-term-of-the-commissioner-of 16 17 class- (v)-and-the-fourth-commissioner-of-class- (iiii)-added-by-this 18 amendment-terminates-on-November-19,--1979----- Each--person--holding 19 office--as-a-member-of-the-Commission-on-the-effective-date-of-this 20 amendment-continues-to-hold-the-office-for-the-term--for--which--he 21 was-appointed-]

SECTION 2. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsection (6), of the Texas Constitution be amended by amending Paragraph A and adding Paragraph C to read as follows:

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A. Any Justice or Judge of the courts established by this

Constitution or [Appellate--Courts-and--District--and---Criminal

District--Courts,--and--any-County-Judge,-and-any-Judge-of-a-County

Court-at-Law,-a-Court-of-Domestic-Relations,-a--Juvenile--Court,--a 1 2 Probate-Court, -or-a-Corporation-or-Municipal-Court, -and-any-Justice 3 of--the--Peace; -- and--any-Judge-or-presiding-officer-of-any-special court | created by the Legislature as provided in Section 1, Article 4 5 V, of this Constitution, may, subject to the other provisions hereof, be removed from office for willful or persistent violation 6 7 of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, willful violation of the Code 8 of Judicial Conduct, or willful or persistent conduct that[7-which] 9 10 is clearly inconsistent with the proper performance of his [said] duties or casts public discredit upon the 11 judiciary 12 administration of justice [7--er] Any [any] person holding such office may be disciplined or censured, in lieu of removal from 13 office, as [under-precedures] provided [fer] by this section [the 14 15 Legislature]. Any person holding an office specified [named] this subsection may be suspended from office with or without pay by 16 17 the Commission immediately on being indicted by a State or Federal grand jury for a felony offense[7--er7] or charged with a 18 19 misdemeanor involving official misconduct. On [en] the filing of a 20 sworn complaint charging a person holding such office with willful or persistent violation of rules promulgated by the Supreme Court 21 of Texas, incompetence in performing the duties of the office, 22 23 willful violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct, or willful and 24 persistent conduct that [which] is clearly inconsistent with the 25 proper performance of his duties or [which] casts public discredit 26 the judiciary or on the administration of justice, 27 Commission, after giving the person notice and an opportunity to

- 1 appear and be heard before the Commission, may recommend to the
- 2 Supreme Court the suspension of such person from office. The
- 3 Supreme Court, after considering the record of such appearance and
- 4 the recommendation of the Commission, may suspend the person from
- 5 office with or without pay, pending final disposition of the
- 6 charge.
- 7 C. The law relating to the removal, discipline, suspension,
- 8 or censure of a Justice or Judge of the courts established by this
- 9 Constitution or created by the Legislature as provided in this
- 10 Constitution applies to a master or magistrate appointed as
- 11 provided by law to serve a trial court of this State and to a
- retired or former Judge who continues as a judicial officer subject
- 13 to an assignment to sit on a court of this State. Under the law
- 14 relating to the removal of an active Justice or Judge, the
- 15 Commission and the review tribunal may prohibit a retired or former
- Judge from holding judicial office in the future or from sitting on
- a court of this State by assignment.
- 18 SECTION 3. That Article V, Section 1-a, Subsections (8)
- 19 through (12), of the Texas Constitution be amended to read as
- 20 follows:
- 21 (8) After such investigation as it deems necessary, the
- 22 Commission may in its discretion issue a private or public
- 23 admonition, warning, reprimand, or requirement that the person
- 24 obtain additional training or education, or if the Commission
- 25 determines that the situation merits such action, it may institute
- 26 formal proceedings and order a formal hearing to be held before it
- 27 concerning the public censure, removal, or retirement of a person

- 1 holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] 2 Subsection (6) of this Section, or it may in its discretion request 3 the Supreme Court to appoint an active or retired District Judge or Justice of a Court of [Eivil] Appeals, or retired Judge or Justice 4 5 of the Court of Criminal Appeals or the Supreme Court, as a Master 6 to hear and take evidence in any such matter, and to report thereon 7 to the Commission. The Master shall have all the power of in the enforcement of orders pertaining 8 Judge witnesses, evidence, and procedure. If, after formal hearing, 9 10 after considering the record and report of a Master, the Commission finds good cause therefor, it shall issue an order of public 11 censure or it shall recommend to a review tribunal [the--Supreme 12 13 Court] the removal[7] or retirement, as the case may be, of the 14 person in question holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section and shall 15 thereupon file with the tribunal [Elerk-of-the-Supreme--Court] the 16 17 entire record before the Commission.
 - the removal or retirement of a person holding an office or position specified in Subsection (6) of this Section is composed of seven (7) Justices or Judges of the Courts of Appeals who are selected by lot by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Each Court of Appeals shall designate one of its members for inclusion in the list from which the selection is made. Service on the tribunal shall be considered part of the official duties of a judge, and no additional compensation may be paid for such service. The review tribunal [Supreme-Sewrt] shall review the record of the proceedings

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H.J.R. No. 4

on the law and facts and in its discretion may, for good cause 1 2 shown, permit the introduction of additional evidence. Within 90 days after the date on which the record is filed with the review 3 4 tribunal, it [and] shall order public censure, retirement or 5 removal, as it finds just and proper, or wholly reject the 6 recommendation. A Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate may appeal 7 a decision of the review tribunal to the Supreme Court under the substantial evidence rule. Upon an order for involuntary 8 9 retirement for disability or an order for removal, the office in 10 question shall become vacant. The review tribunal [Supreme-Court], in an order for involuntary retirement for disability or an order 11 for removal, may prohibit such person from holding judicial office 12 13 in the future. The rights of an incumbent so retired to retirement 14 benefits shall be the same as if his retirement had been voluntary. 15 (10) All papers filed with and proceedings before the 16 Commission or a Master shall be confidential, unless otherwise 17 provided by law, and the filing of papers with, and the giving of 18 testimony before[7] the Commission or a[7] Master [er--the--Supreme 19 Court] shall be privileged, unless otherwise provided by law[7 20 provided-that-upon-being-filed-in--the--Supreme--Court--the--record 21 loses--its--confidential--character]. However, the Commission may 22 issue a public statement through its executive director or its 23 Chairman at any time during any of its proceedings under this

Section when sources other than the Commission cause notoriety

concerning a Judge or the Commission itself and the Commission

determines that the best interests of a Judge or of the public will

be served by issuing the statement.

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(11) The Supreme Court shall by rule provide for the 1 procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the 2 3 Supreme Court. Such rule shall provide the right of discovery of evidence to a Justice, Judge, Master, or Magistrate after formal 4 5 proceedings are instituted and shall afford to any person holding an office or position specified [named] in [Paragraph--A-of] 6 7 Subsection (6) of this Section, against whom a proceeding is instituted to cause his retirement or removal, due process of law 8 9 for the procedure before the Commission, Masters, review tribunal, and the Supreme Court in the same manner that any person whose 10 property rights are in jeopardy in an adjudicatory proceeding is 11 entitled to due process of law, regardless of whether or not the 12 13 interest of the person holding an office or position specified 14 [mamed] in [Paragraph--A--ef] Subsection (6) of this Section in remaining in active status is considered to be a right or a 15 privilege. Due process shall include the right to notice, counsel, 16 hearing, confrontation of his accusers, and all such other 17 18 incidents of due process as are ordinarily available in proceedings 19 whether or not misfeasance is charged, upon proof of which a 20 penalty may be imposed.

(12) No person holding an office <u>specified</u> [named] in [Paragraph-A-ef] Subsection (6) of this Section shall sit as a member of the Commission in any proceeding involving his own suspension, <u>discipline</u>, censure, retirement or removal. [A recommendation--ef--the--Commission--for--the--suspension,-censure, retirement,-or-removal-of-a-Justice-of-the-Supreme-Court--shall--be determined--by--a--tribunal--of--seven--(7)--Court-of-Civil-Appeals

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- 1 Justices-selected-by-let-te-serve-in-place-of-the--Supreme--Court-]
- 2 SECTION 4. That Article V, Section 1-a, of the Texas
- 3 Constitution be amended by adding Subsection (14) to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 (14) The Legislature may promulgate laws in furtherance of
- 6 this Section that are not inconsistent with its provisions.
- 7 SECTION 5. That the following temporary provision be added
- 8 to the Texas Constitution:
- 9 TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies
- to the constitutional amendment proposed by H.J.R. No. 4, 68th
- 11 Legislature, Regular Session, 1983, and expires January 1, 1988.
- 12 (b) The constitutional amendment takes effect January 1,
- 13 1985.
- 14 (c) The initial term of the commissioner of class (v) added
- by amendment in 1977 expired on November 19, 1979. The initial
- 16 term of the commissioner of class (vi) and (vii) expires on
- 17 November 19, 1985.
- 18 (d) Each person holding office as a member of the Commission
- on Judicial Conduct on January 1, 1985, continues to hold the
- office for the term for which he was appointed.
- (e) The offices of the first commissioner of class (i) and
- 22 the first commissioner of class (ii) whose terms expire after
- January 1, 1985, are abolished on the expiration of the terms.
- 24 (f) Changes made in the constitution by this amendment do
- 25 not apply to investigations and formal proceedings where the
- 26 investigation of judicial conduct by the commission began before
- 27 January 1, 1985.

H.J.R. No. 4

1 SECTION 6. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 2 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 6, 1984. 3 The ballot shall be printed to provide for voting for or against 4 the proposition: "The constitutional amendment relating to the 5 membership of the State Commission on Judicial Conduct and the 6 authority and procedure to discipline active judges, certain retired and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of 7 the courts."

Preside	ent of the Se	nate	_		Spe	eaker	of th	е Но	ıse	
I c	ertify that	H.J.R.	No.	4	was	pass	sed by	the	House	on
March 28,	1983, by the	follo	wing	vot	e:	Yeas	141,	Na	ys 1,	1
present, no	ot voting.									
					Chie	ef Cle	erk of	the	House	
I c	ertify that	H.J.R.	No.	4	was	passe	ed by	the :	Senate	on
May 25, 198	83, by the fo	llowing	vote	. Y	eas 2	24, Na	ays O.			
					Sec	retary	of t	he S	enate	
APPROVED:			 ;							
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	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION	
ddcrar conduct	titutional amendment relating to the State Commission on and the authority and procedure to discipline active judges, and former judges, and certain masters and magistrates of the	MAR 2 8 1983
	1. Filed with the Chief Clerk.	MAR 2 9 1983
JAN 2 7 1983	2. Read first time and referred to Committee on	MAR 2 9 1983
MAR 1 6 1983	3. Reported favorably (as substituted) and sent to Printer at	MAR 2 9 1983
MAR 2 3 1983	MAR 2 3 1983 4. Printed and distributed at 6.13 p.m.	MAR 29 1983
MAR 2 4 198		MAR 3 0 1983
MAR 2 8 198		APR 2 7 1983
	7. Motion to reconsider and table the vote by which H.J.R was ordered engrossed prevailed (failed) by (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of present, not voting).	MAY 2 5 1983
d	8. Read third time (amended) and finally adopted (failed of adoption) by a Record Vote of yeas, nays, present, not voting.	
v :	9. Caption ordered amended to conform to body of resolution.	
\$* 	10. Motion to reconsider and table the vote by which H.J.R was finally adopted prevailed (failed) by a (Non-Record Vote) Record Vote of yeas, nays, and present, not voting).	MAY 2 5 1983

MAR 2 8 1983	11. Ordered Engrossed at 4:25 pm
MAR 2 9 1983	12. Engrossed.
MAR 2 9 1983	13. Returned to Chief Clerk at 9:49 aw
MAR 2 9 1983	14. Sent to the Senate. Detty Mussay Chief Clerk of the House
MAR 29 1983	Chief Clerk of the House
MAR 3 0 1983	16. Read, referred to Committee on JURISPRIDENCE
APR 2 7 1983	17. Reported favorably
·	18. Reported adversely, with favorable Committee Substitute; Committee Substitute read first time.
	19. Ordered not printed.
MAY 25 1983	20. Regular order of business suspended by (a viva voce vote.) (a viva voce vote.) (yeas,
	21. To permit consideration, reading and passage, Senate and Constitutional Rules suspended by vote of
MAY 2 5 1983	22. Read second time passed to third reading by:

	23. Caption ordered amended to conform to body of bill.
иду 2 5 198 3	24. Senate and Constitutional 3-Day Rules suspended by vote of yeas, nays to place bill on third reading and final passage.
MAY 2 5 1983	25. Read third time and passed by (a viva voca vete.) (2 4 yeas,
OTHER ACTION:	OTHER ACTION: Secretary of the Senate
5-25-83	26. Returned to the House.
MAY 2 5 1983	27. Received from the Senate (with amendments.)
	28. House (Concurred) (Refused to Concur) in Senate (Amendments) by a (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, present, not voting).
	29. Conference Committee Ordered.
	30. Conference Committee Report Adopted (Rejected) by a (Non-Record Vote) (Record Vote of yeas, nays, and present, not voting).
MAY 2 5 1983	_ 31. Ordered Enrolled at 2.41 pm

1983 MAR 29 AM 9: 49 House of Representatives

HONZE OF REPRESENTATIVES 13